## **FOOD PRESERVATION**

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	Club:	Date	Leaders Initials
Guidelines for P	oject Proficiency Award –		Hittais
BEGINNING			
CANNING			
Learn:			
	sification of foods - acid, low acid, etc.		
	canners and when to use which.		
3. About car	nning jars, lids, and other necessary equipment.		
	sonal availability of food - when food is plentiful and least expensive.		
	nmended canning method, time, and temperature for fruits and tomatoes.		
Do:			<del></del>
1. Help sele	ct fruit or tomatoes for canning.		
	ise the water bath canner.		
3. Assemble	equipment, wash jars.		
	v to wash and prepare fruit for canning (peeling, quartering, etc).		
	v to fill jars, remove air bubbles, etc.		
	three fruits or two fruits and tomatoes.		,
-	check for a seal.		
8. Learn ho	w to label and store canned foods.		
9. Judge pro	duct for taste, color, and for safe keeping qualities.		
Explore:			
1. The cost of	of a home canned product versus a like product commercially canned.		
2. Ways to s	erve the canned foods to the family. List five.		<del></del>
JAMS AND JEL	LIES		
Learn:			
1. Methods	for making jams and jellies.		
2. When the	best fruits for jam and jelly are available.		
Do:			
<ol> <li>Select and</li> </ol>	l prepare fruit for jam.		
	eezer jam with commercial pectin.	-	
<ol><li>Select pro</li></ol>	per containers for freezer jam.		
4. Label and			
5. Judge jan	for color, flavor, and texture.		
Explore:			
•	erve jam to the family. List five.		
	of a jar of jam and compare this with an equal weight at the supermarket.		<del></del>
	ing quality of jam. After several months, check for "freezer burn" or		
other change	S.		
DRYING			
Learn:			
-	ng preserves food.		
	ways to dry food.	***************************************	
Do:			
1 Calact fru	it for making leather		

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2.	Make and dry one or two different kinds of fruit leather. Try a combination of fruits.		
3	Select meat for jerky.		-
	Follow directions for sun or oven drying jerky.		
	Select the proper packaging for leather and jerky.		
	Label and store dried product as recommended.		
	Judge leather and jerky for color, flavor, and texture.		-
	cplore:		
1.	The values of sun drying versus oven or dehydrator drying.  The effect of lemon juice or ascorbic acid on the color and flavor of fruit leather. Make one roll of fruit leather (light colored fruit) with lemon juice and	<del></del>	<del></del>
	one without. Compare.		
3.	The values of dried food as snacks.		
FREE	CZING		<del></del>
Le	earn:		
1.	How freezing preserves food.		
2.	Which containers are suitable for the freezing process.		
	How to select food for freezing.		
4.	How to seal containers for freezing. Why is the seal important? -		
5.	How to prepare foods for freezing.		
De	):		
1.	Quick freeze loose berries with dry sugar or without any sugar.		
	Freeze fruit in syrup containing crystalline ascorbic acid.		
3.	Judge frozen fruit for color, taste, and texture.		
4.	Make up a display of freezer containers.		***********
Ez	plore:		
1.	The differences in berries frozen at different temperatures. which gives the best results?	•	
2.	The characteristics of freezer burn. How can this be avoided?		

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Name:	Club:	Date	Leaders Initials
Guidelines for Project Proficion	ency Award		Intiais
INTERMEDIATE			
CANNING			
Learn:			
1. How to acidify foods for	canning by the water bath method.		
•	e in canning fruit and about canning fruit		
without sweetening.	5		
	cipes for pickles and relishes.		
4. The variety of vegetables			
5. How to can fruit juice an	- <del>-</del>		
6. To judge canned juices a	5		
Do:			
	l about the classification of foods.		
	aree or four) using different strength syrups.		
3. Make quick pickled cuci			
4. Make a pickled relish or			
5. Pickle a vegetable or mix		<del></del>	
6. Prepare fruit or tomato ju			
Explore:	ince and can it.	-	
1. Canning fruit with fruit j	uice rether that every		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	uice ramer marsyrup.		
2. Pickling fruit.	the water both to a vour cor aroun	<del></del>	
	the water bath to a younger group.		
4. With your family, the an			
	foods versus those available at the supermarket.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
6. Safety practices for pickl	_	<del></del>	
	om canned fruit and ways to use leftover pickle brine.		<del></del>
	storing canned fruits by placing one jar in a hot,		
	ner in a cool, dry, dark location.		
After several months, co	mpare.		
FOODPRESERVATION	·		
Learn:			
1. More methods for jam	• •	***************************************	****
<ol><li>About straining juice for</li></ol>			
<ol><li>To judge jams and jelli</li></ol>	es.		-
Do:			
<ol> <li>Make cooked jam with</li> </ol>	commercial pectin.		
<ol><li>Make cooked jelly with</li></ol>	n commercial pectin.		
Explore:			
<ol> <li>How to test fruit for acid need added pectin or acid</li> </ol>	and pectin content, and to determine which ones d.		
2. Recipes for conserves, p	reserves, and marmalade. Try one.		
DRYING	- -		
Learn:			
1. To sulfur light colored	fruits for drying.		
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	ts (anti-darkening agents); and the advantages		, differents
and disadvantages of each.	to (mile distributions), and the development		
4. To package and store dried f	oods.		
5. About shade drying of herbs			
Do:			-
<ol> <li>Sulfur and dry a light colored</li> </ol>	fruit.		
2. Blanch and dry a vegetable.			
3. Dry a vegetable that doesn't	require blanching.		
4. Dry herbs.			***************************************
5. Judge dried foods.			
Explore:	4 1 4 4 1		
1. Two different ways of using			<del></del>
2. Time of re-hydration and qua			*************
3. The best way to dry vegetable			
4. Different ways of using dried FREEZING	Truits.		
Learn:			
1. Which foods freeze and thaw	, well		
	n be kept frozen without quality loss.		
3. How to thaw foods safely, ar	nd when it's akay to refreeze		F
4. About blanching vegetables:			
	er-cooling of blanched vegetables.		****
6. About freezing prepared food	ds.		<del>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</del>
Do:			
1. Blanch and freeze three or fo	ur different vegetables.		
2. Freeze cookies, baked and u			
3. Freeze a homemade TV dinr			
4. Properly thaw and prepare fr	ozen prepared food. Serve.		
<ol><li>Prepare and serve frozen veg</li></ol>	getables.		-
Explore:			
<ol> <li>Quality losses of frozen food</li> </ol>			·
2. Ways to keep records of food	d going in and coming out of the freezer.		***************************************
	unblanched, and overblanched green beans.		
	compared with other methods of preserving		
and storing foods.			
STORAGE OF NUTS			
Learn:	nnarature, and avvicen on the flavor of nuts		
2. Ways to prevent insect infest	nperature, and oxygen on the flavor of nuts.		
3. Ways to increase the shelf life			***************************************
Do:	is of shorted flats.		<del></del>
	oper containers at room temperature, refrigerator		
	ter. At 2 week intervals, taste and record any signs		
•	s, store some in the shell in a cool, dry place,		-
Check these at 2 week intervals			
3. Record any insect infestation			
	osphere (if available) using dry ice	***************************************	
(solid carbon dioxide) Reco	ord insect infestation and rancidity.		
Explore:			
	ment, explain which is the best method for		
storing nuts. Why?		<del></del>	
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## **FOOD PRESERVATION**

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Guidelines for Pro	ject Proficiency Award		
ADVANCED			
CANNING			
Learn:			
1. How use the	ne pressure canner.		·
	or canning vegetables.		
	anned meats and vegetables for color, texture, pack, and seal.	•	
Do:			
<ol> <li>Can two or</li> </ol>	three different vegetables.		
	poultry, or fish.		
Explore:			
1. Methods to	use in telling or showing others how to safely can vegetables and meats.		
	canned foods for one year for the family. Which of the foods can		
	nore cheaply at home.		·
3. The types	of spoilage that occur in canned food.	*	
JAM AND JI			
Learn:			
1. Which frui	ts have enough pectin and acid for the long boil method.		-
Do:			
1. Make 3 or	4 jams and jellies by the long boil method.		
<ol><li>Compare taste</li></ol>	, texture, and color to those make with commercial pectin or by freezer method.		
Explore:			
<ol> <li>Jelling pro</li> </ol>	blems as they are related to acid, pectin, and sugar content.	<del></del>	<del> </del>
	low sugar or artificial sweetener jams. Compare.	***************************************	
FERMENTA	ATION AND BRINING		
Learn:			
	ic acid fermentation of cucumbers and cabbage.		
	es spoilage problems in fermented foods.		
	ining process for vegetables.		
Do:	•		
and the second s	ented dill pickles or green tomatoes.		
2. Make saue		<del></del>	
-	ckles and sauerkraut.		
	ed vegetables.		
Explore:			
	of temperature on fermentation.		
	pes using freshened, brined pickles.		
3. The effect	of surface scum and mold on fermented pickles.		***************************************

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