

SPREAD OF FUSARIUM WILT



Fusarium wilt, race 3







Variety	disease resistance	fruit biomass tons/A	Brix	# infected plants		
				25-Aug	19-Sep	1-Oct
1 H 2401	VFFNP control	64.2	a	4.4	2	5
2 CXD 282	VFFF ₃ NP	58.6	b	5.8	0.0	4
3 PX 299	VFFF ₃ N	51.1	c	4.7	0.5	1
4 BQ 198	VFFNP	50.9	c	5.2	6	17
5 AB 306	VFFF ₃ P	49.5	c	5.6	2	8
6 BQ 186	VFFF ₃ NP	46.6	cd	4.7	1	5
7 BOS 7210211		41.4	d	5.1	14	38
LSD @ 5%		5.4	1 rep	6.3	10.6	13.5
% CV		7	sample	115	63	52
F Value		17.3		5.15	13.05	9
^ statistically significant non-additivity				^	^	



Fusarium wilt: ‘Mechanical spread’

moving infested stem pieces...



...moving infested soil





Fusarium wilt: ‘Mechanical spread’





2011

infections
within 1st year



~infection
level
tripled in 2nd year

2012











Summary:

? Equipment movement of Fusarium wilt

- ✓ Established in 1st year
- ✓ Increased 3-fold in 2nd year
- ✓ Survives for years

'VINE DECLINE' (beginning at early fruit ripening)















Photo credit: Tim Hartz

Soil Transfer from Five Points to Yolo Field

Joe Muller and Sons, Woodland

- Muller field crew

Frank Coelho, Five Star Ranch, Five Points

Roger Scriven & Perry Brothers

Mike Davis & Tim Hartz, UC Davis

Mark Kochi, Yolo

Austin Brickey, student, Cal Poly







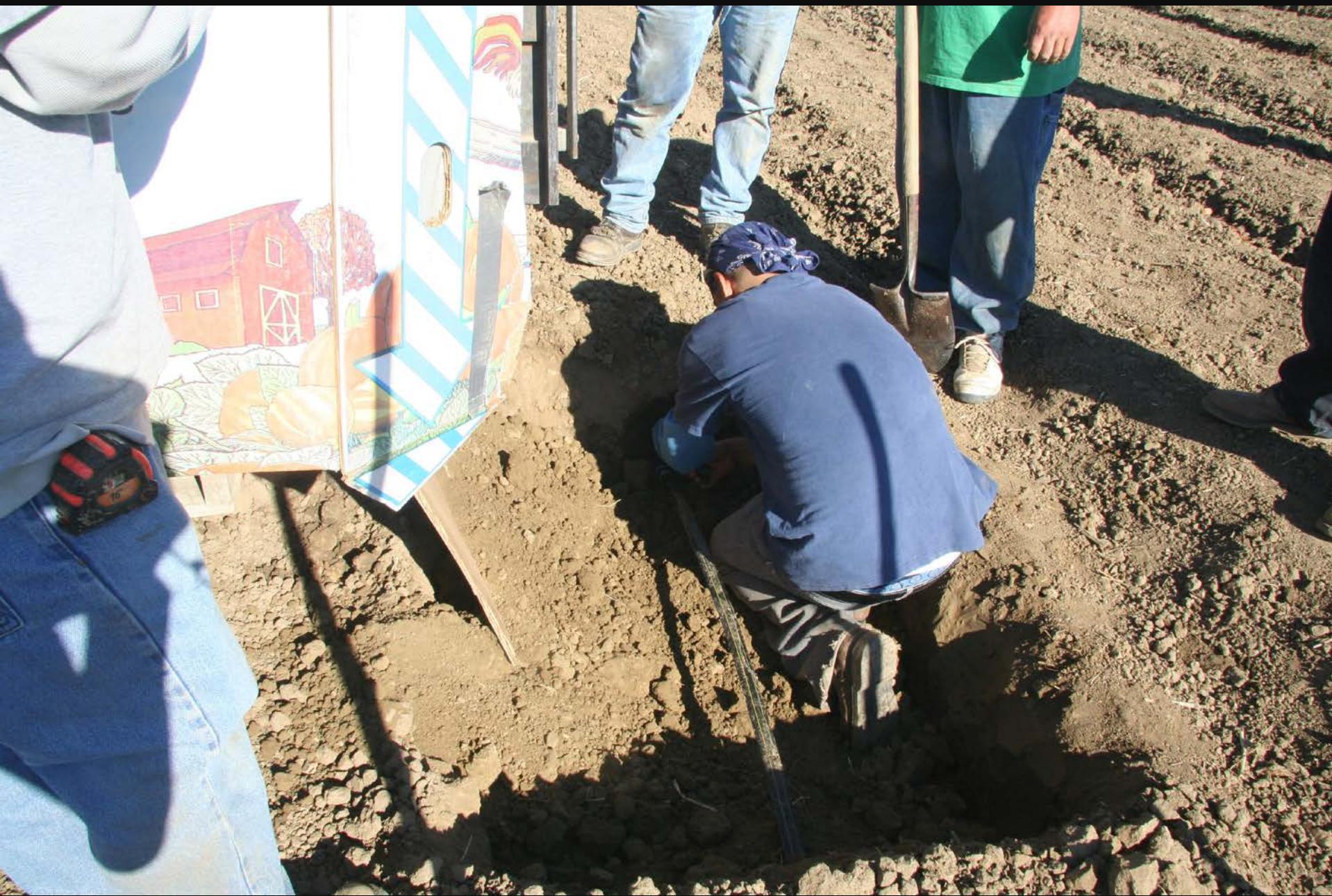






Table 3. Lab analysis of select Five Points and Yolo soil, sampled in spring, 2012.

	% SP	% pH	% Sand	% Silt	% Clay	dS/m EC	meq/l Ca	meq/l Mg	meq/l Na	mg/l B	
1 Five Points	59	7.9	33	30	37	1.2	5.4	2.1	4.0	0.3	
2 Yolo	58	7.6	26	38	36	1.3	4.3	4.9	3	1.9	
	ppm NO3-N	ppm PO4-P	ppm K	ppm Zn	ppm Mn	ppm Fe	ppm Cu	ppm Ca	ppm Mg	ppm Na	% OM
1 Five Points	18	22	332	2.9	15.1	12.5	1.5	4790	766	189	1.6
2 Yolo	33	31	319	1.5	17.8	24.5	3	2753	1394	124	2.5



	Ammonium Acetate Extractable Cations			Estimated meq/100g	Ca/Mg Ratio	K/Mg Ratio
	meq/100g Ca	meq/100g Mg	meq/100g Na			
1 Five Points	24	6.3	0.8	32	3.8	0.1
2 Yolo	14	11.5	0.5	27	1.2	0.1







Tissue sample analysis at harvest, soil transport from Five Points to Yolo, 2012

Soil origin	%	%	%	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	%	%	ppm	ppm
	N	P	K	Zn	Mn	Na	B	Ca	Mg	Fe	Cu
Five Points	1.67	0.13	0.91	29	88	0.27	194	5.22	1.75	504	6.8
Yolo	1.78	0.16	1.09	30	127	0.22	193	4.64	2.09	739	9.0
LSD 5%	NS	NS	0.18	NS	26	NS	NS	NS	0.25	NS	NS
% CV	4	11	10	27	14	15	22	10	7	72	20
probability	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.77	0.01	0.13	0.96	0.14	0.02	0.45	0.10





Yield from native Yolo soil vs. Five Points

		lbs marketable	lbs	%	%	%	lbs	%	lbs per 50 fruit	plant dry weight
origin of soil	red fruit	total fruit	pink	green	burn	BER	TSWV		grams	
1 Five Points	38.4	54.3	1	3	6	0	20	7.50	383	
2 Yolo	37.6	52.2	0	2	6	0	19	7.24	357	
LSD 5%	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
% CV	31	22	91	80	27	117	23	6	29	
probability	0.92	0.79	0.18	0.52	0.93	0.49	0.83	0.43	0.72	

Comment:

- ✓ High level of variation with complication with high level of spotted wilt
- ✓ Fruit production outcome was similar between soils

A red tomato graphic with a green stem and leaves, centered on a blue background.

SUMMARY

**No advantage
from Fresno soil
in Yolo environment**



The End