TREATMENT OPTIONS from the book *Weed Control in Natural Areas in the Western United States*

Taraxacum officinale

Dandelion

Family: Asteraceae

NON-CHEMICAL CONTROL

Grazing	P–F	only sheep are effective; plants tend to be favored by grazing because the basal rosette of leaves escape damage
Prescribed burning	P	plants resprout and fire creates conditions favorable to invasion
Mowing and cutting	P	
Tillage	G	
Grubbing, digging or hand pulling	G	

CHEMICAL CONTROL

The following specific use information is based on published papers and reports by researchers and land managers. Other trade names may be available, and other compounds also are labeled for this weed. Directions for use may vary between brands; see label before use.

2,4-D	G		Imazapic	F
Aminocyclopyrachlor + chlorsulfuron	E		Imazapyr	E
Aminopyralid	E		Metsulfuron	E
Chlorsulfuron	F		Paraquat	P
Clopyralid	G		Picloram	E
Dicamba	E		Rimsulfuron	F
Glyphosate	E		Sulfometuron	E
Hexazinone	E		Sulfosulfuron	NIA
			Triclopyr	E

E = Excellent control, generally better than 95%
G = Good control, 80-95%
F = Fair control, 50-80%
P = Poor control, below 50%
Control includes effects within the season of treatment.
Control is followed by best timing, if known, when efficacy is E or G.

* = Likely based on results of observations of related species
FLW = flowering
NIA = No information available
Fa = Fall
Sp = Spring
Su = Summer