

# Lettuce Fusarium Wilt

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**December 5, 2023**  
2023 Pest Management Meeting

# Outline

- ❖ Introduction
- ❖ Characterization of Fusarium isolates
- ❖ An update on USDA breeding efforts
- ❖ Conclusion

# Introduction to Fusarium

- ❖ *Fusarium* spp. is one of the most abundant microorganism in soil
- ❖ Approximately 70% are *F. oxysporum*
  - Within *F. oxysporum*, there are >100 different formae specialis (f. sp.)  
(f.sp. = sub-species categorization based on pathogenicity and host range)
  - In 1960's, banana industry devastated by Fusarium wilt caused by *F. oxysporum* f.sp. *cabense* (Panama disease)
- ❖ In Lettuce, Fusarium wilt is caused by *F. oxysporum* f. sp. *lactucae* (FOL)

# Symptoms

Varies based on the cultivar's susceptibility, inoculum density, and environment.

## ❖ Above ground symptoms

- Stunting and deformation of head
- Chlorosis (yellowing) and necrosis of leaves
- Wilting
- Plant death

## ❖ Below ground symptoms

- Reddish-brown discoloration of root
- Complete rotting of root in severe case



# History and Distribution of FOL

## ❖ History

- First detected in Japan (1955)
- In USA first identified in California (1990), later found in Arizona (2001), and Florida (2017)

## ❖ Distribution of FOL

- Race 1 - Worldwide distribution
- Race 2 – Japan
- Race 3 - Japan, Taiwan
- Race 4 - Several European countries

## ❖ In the United States only race 1 reported to date

- Changes in FOL incidence and severity have recently experienced

# Characterization of *Fusarium* Isolates

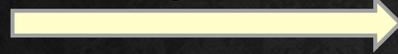


- ❖ **Fol321**
  - ❖ **Fol621**
  - ❖ **Fol621s**
  - ❖ **916**
  - ❖ **794**
- Recovered from infected lettuce of two different fields in Salinas
- Single spore culture of Fol621
- Received from Alex Putman, UC Riverside

# Pathogenicity Test: Root Dip Inoculation



14 to 18 days old  
seedlings



Trim root ~ 5 mm



Dip root for 20 min  
(Treatments: FOL isolates and Mock)

Grow seedlings in  
pasteurized sand



Transplant in cups filled with  
pasteurized potting mix

Greenhouse / growth room  
(25 °C / 16 h photoperiod)

# Disease Rating



Courtesy: Santosh Nayak

**1 = No symptom**

**2 = Mild stunting**

**3 = Stunting and some leaf yellowing and/or necrosis**

**4 = Dead plant**

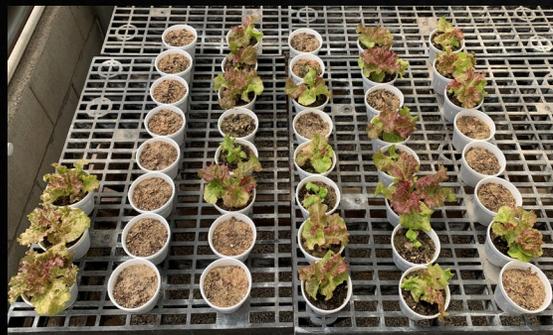
# Race Identification of FOL Isolates

Cultivar	Observed reaction					Expected reaction			
	Fol321	Fol621	Fol621s	916	794	Race 1	Race 2	Race 3	Race 4
<b>Banchu Red Fire</b>	3.4	1.8	2.5	2.7	3.0	S	HR	S	IR
<b>Costa Rica no. 4</b>	1	1	1	3.7	1	HR	S	S	S
<b>Patriot</b>	4	4	4	4	4	S	S	S	IR
<b>Romabella</b>	1	1	1	1	1	HR	HR	S	IR

➤ Fol321 and 794: **Race 1**

➤ Fol621/621s and 916:  
(Likely variant/novel  
races)

**Banchu Red Fire**



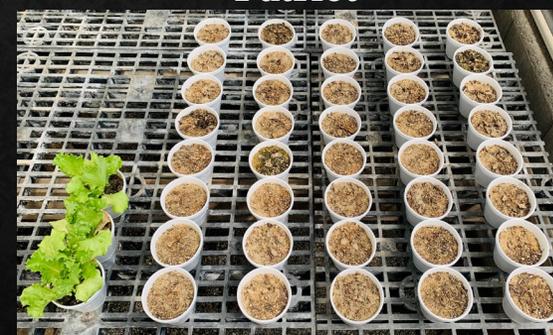
Mock Fol321 Fol621 Fol621s 916 794

**Costa Rica No. 4**



Mock Fol321 Fol621 Fol621s 916 794

**Patriot**



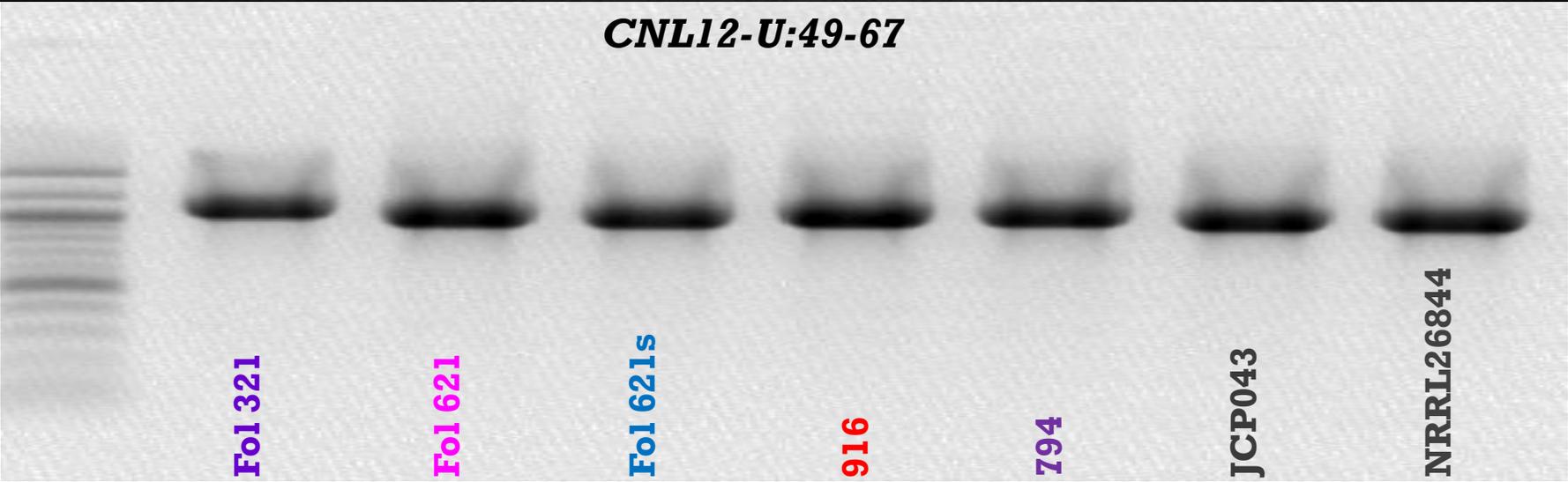
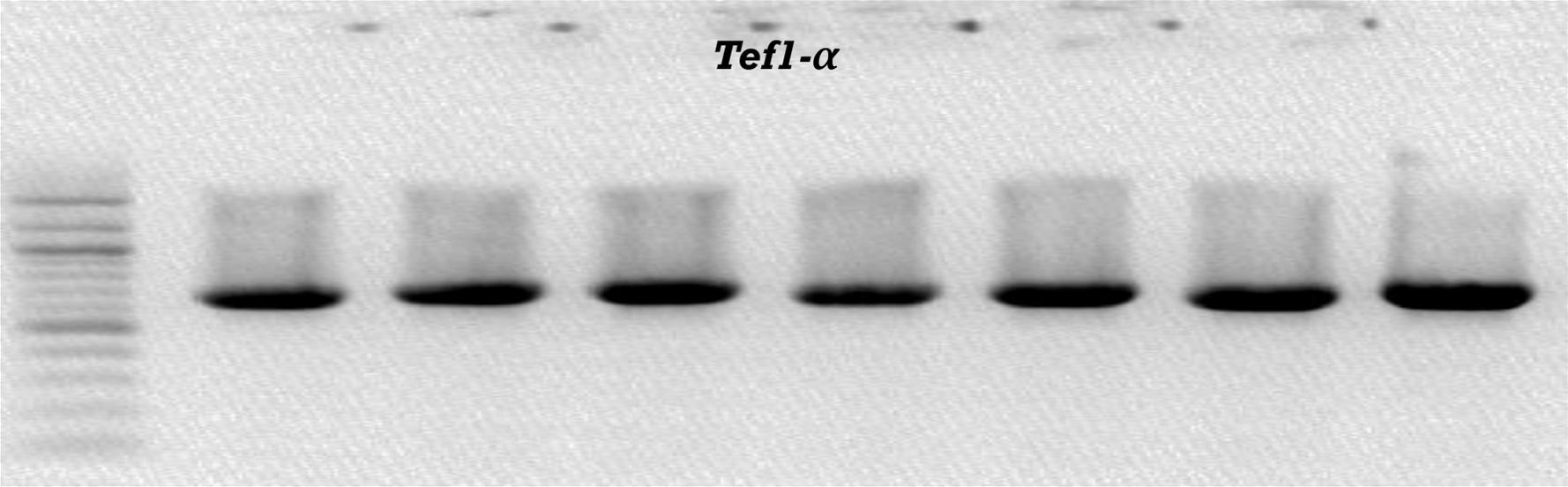
Mock Fol321 Fol621 Fol621s 916 794

**Romabella**

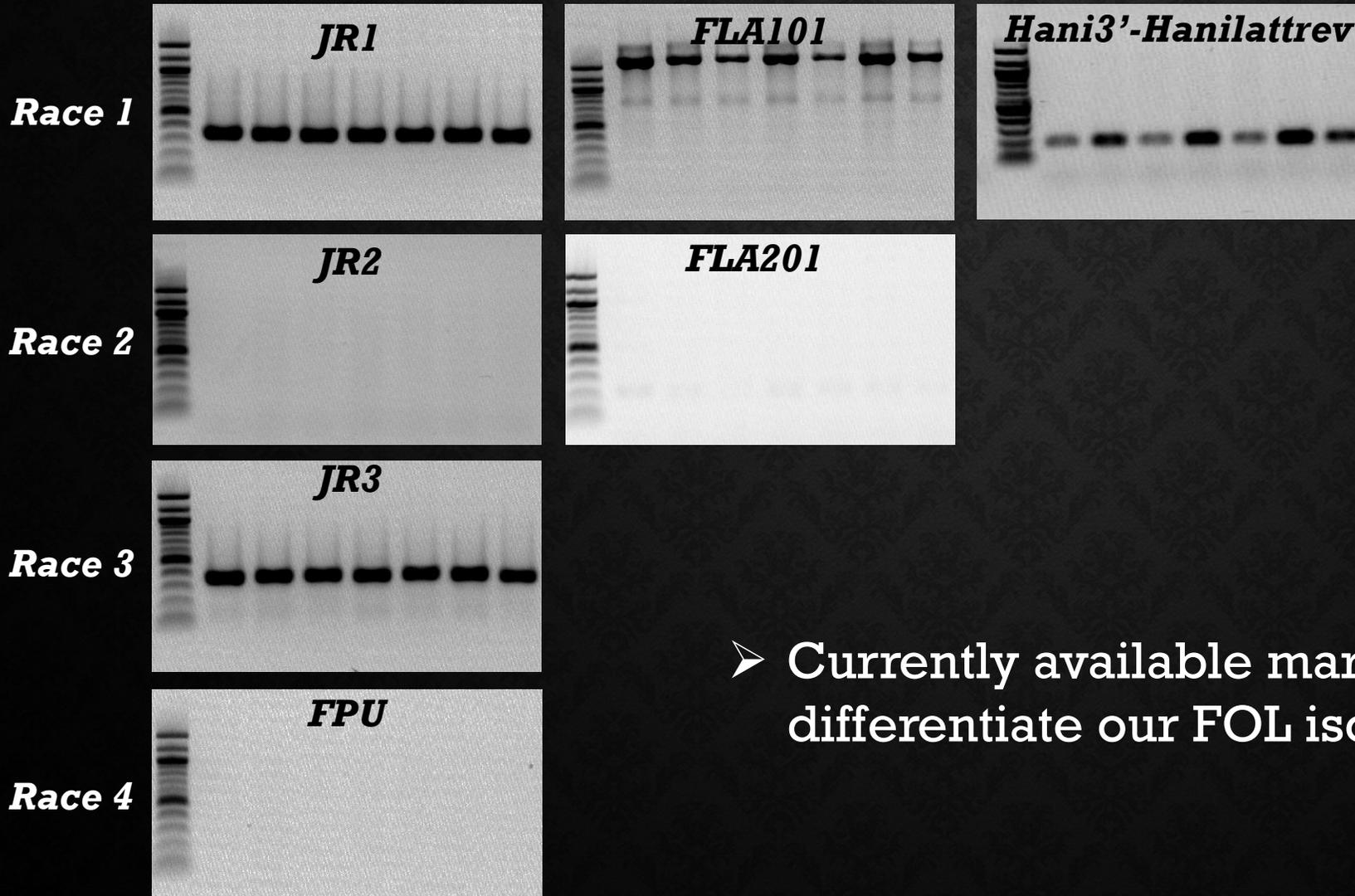


Mock Fol321 Fol621 Fol621s 916 794

# Molecular Analysis of FOL Isolates



# Molecular Analysis of FOL Isolates



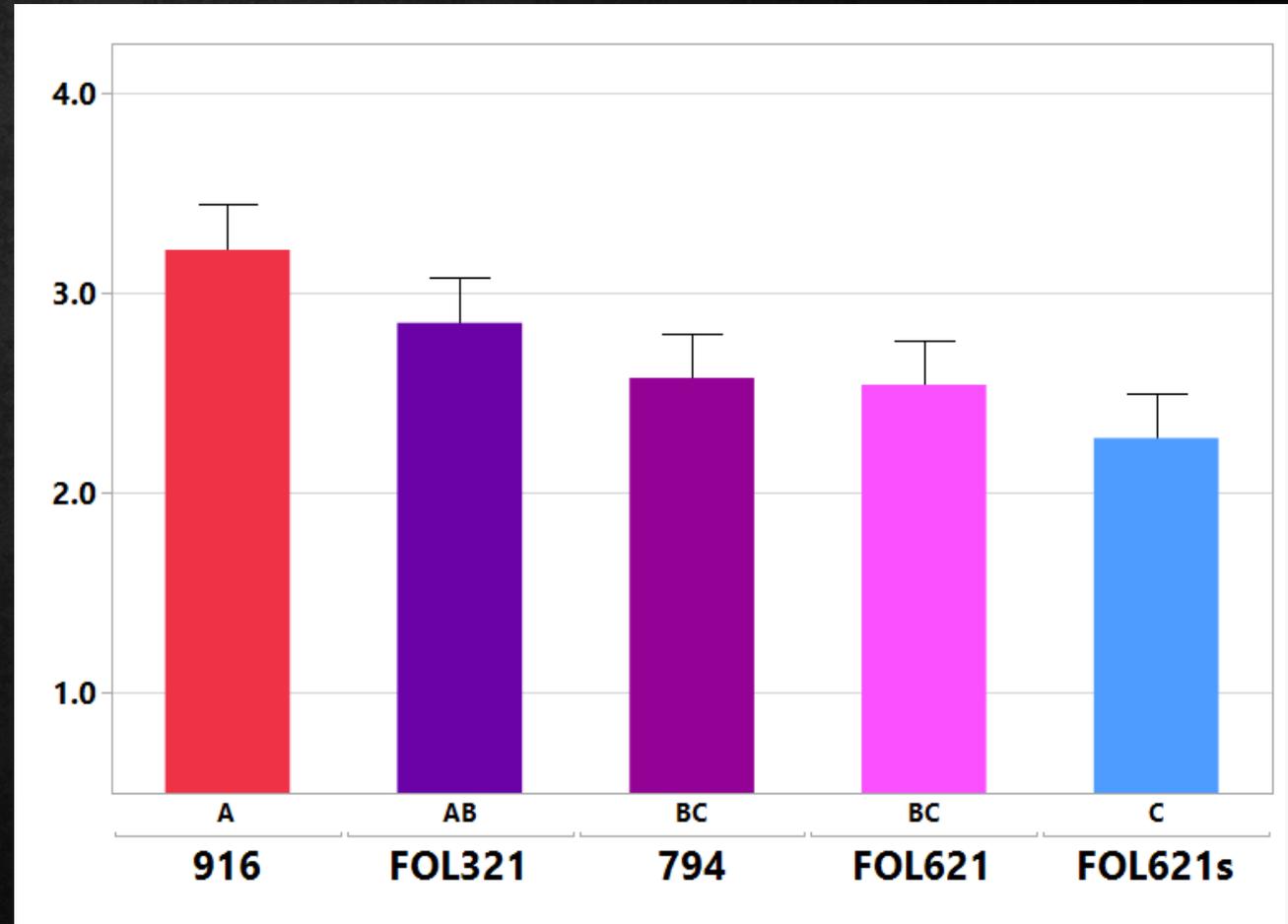
<b>TaqMan qPCR assay – Race 1</b>	
Sample	Ave. Ct value
<b>Fol321</b>	29.36
<b>Fol621</b>	27.82
<b>Fol621s</b>	28.42
<b>916</b>	28.15
<b>794</b>	26.80
<b>JCP043</b>	27.51
<b>NRRL 26844</b>	29.28
<b>Water control</b>	not detectable

Ningxiao Li and Frank Martin

- Currently available marker system can not differentiate our FOL isolates.

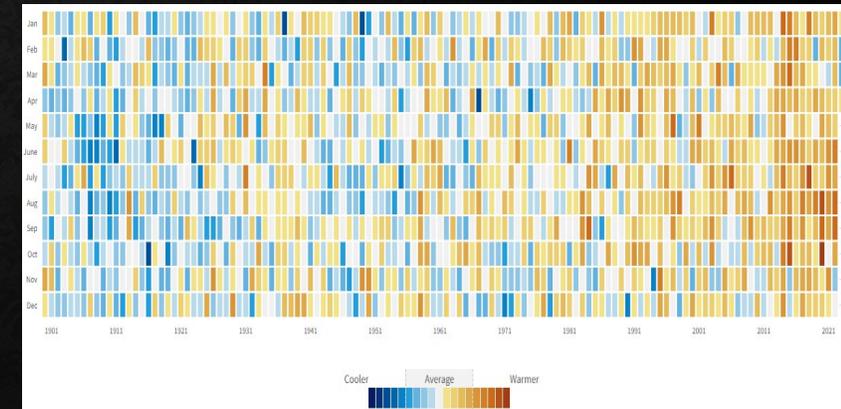
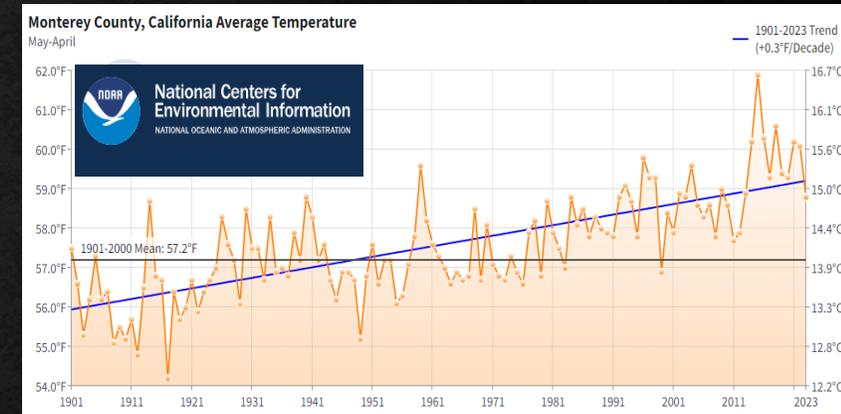
# Aggressiveness of FOL Isolates

- ❖ Ranked isolates based on disease severity of 9 cultivars across two experiments
- ❖ 916 is highly aggressive and race-1 resistant breaking



# Challenges

- ❖ Lettuce growers may need to deal with multiple variants/races of FOL
  - Distribution of variant races of FOL is not fully understood
- ❖ Changes in weather pattern
  - Warmer air and soil temperature favor Fusarium infection
- ❖ Germplasm with broad-spectrum resistance is currently unknown



# USDA Breeding Efforts

- ❖ Germplasm evaluation and development of mapping populations for genetic studies of broad-spectrum resistance
- ❖ Evaluating Race-1 resistant breeding lines (King Louie × Autumn Gold) under multiple isolates
  - 15631
  - 15632
  - 15633
  - 15634
  - 15669
  - 15670

# USDA Breeding Efforts

Variety	Fol321								Fol621						Fol621s					794			916			JCP043
	Sep22	Sep22	Oct22	Oct22	Jan23	May23	Jul23	Aug23	Oct22	Oct22	Jan23	May23	Jul23	Aug23	Sept22	Sept22	May23	Jul23	Aug23	May23	Jul23	Aug23	May23	Jul23	Aug23	Aug23
	GH	GR	GH	GR	GH	GH	GH	GH	GH	GR	GH	GH	GH	GH	GH	GR	GH									
22-101 (Primo)	3	4	2.5	4	3	2.5	4	-	2.5	4	2	3	2.5	-	1	3.5	1	2.5	-	1.5	2	-	4	4	-	-
22-105 (San Miguel)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	-	4	4	4	4	4	-	4	4	4	4	-	4	4	-	2	1.5	-	-
22-102	2	4	3.5	4	3	-	-	-	1	3.5	4	-	-	-	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22-103	4	4	4	4	4	-	-	-	2	2.5	4	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22-104	3	4	3.5	4	4	-	-	-	1	2.5	2.5	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22-106	4	4	4	4	4	-	-	-	3.5	4	4	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22-107	2	4	1.5	3.5	2.5	-	-	-	1	1.5	1	-	-	-	2	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grizzly	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	-	4	4	4	4	4	-	4	4	3	4	-	4	4	-	4	4	-	-
Blas	1	4	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	-	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
El Guapo	2	4	4	4	4	-	-	-	2	3.5	4	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tamarack	3	4	4	4	3	-	-	-	4	4	3.5	-	-	-	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ballerina	-	-	4	4	4	-	-	-	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lomeria	-	-	4	3	4	-	-	-	1	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gisela	-	-	4	4	4	-	-	-	4	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Palmos	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Eruption	-	-	3.5	-	3	4	4	-	2	-	1	4	2	-	-	-	1.5	2	-	4	4	-	4	3.5	2	2
PI 171674	-	-	4	-	2.5	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Salinas	-	-	2.5	-	2.5	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reine des Glaces	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	4	4	3	1
Patriot	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3.5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3
Banachu Red Fire	2	4	4	4	3	3	4	-	2	1.5	1	1.5	3	-	2	4	1	3	-	3	3	-	4	2	2	1
Romabella	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Costa Rica no. 4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	-	4	4	3	1
River Green	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	4	2
King Louie	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	1
15631	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	2.5	1
15632	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	1
15633	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	1
15634	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1.5	1
15669	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	1
15670	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1.5	-	-	1	1

**River Green**



**15631**



**15634**



**King Louie**



**15632**



**15669**



**Patriot**



**15633**



**15670**



**Mock Fol Fol Fol 916 794 JCP**  
**321 621 621s 043**

**Mock Fol Fol Fol 916 794 JCP**  
**321 621 621s 043**

**Mock Fol Fol Fol 916 794 JCP**  
**321 621 621s 043**

# Conclusion

- ❖ Fol321 and 794 (race 1), but Fol621 and 916 (likely variant/novel races)
- ❖ Currently available marker system is not effective to determine physiological race of tested isolates
- ❖ More studies needed to characterize difference at molecular level in relation to host-pathogen interactions
- ❖ Evaluating germplasm and developing resistant breeding lines

# Acknowledgements

**Dr. Kelley Richardson**

**Dr. Jim McCreight**

**Dr. Ningxiao Li**

**Dr. Frank Martin**

**Dr. Nick LeBlanc**

**Dr. Alex Putman**



**Jose Orozco**

**Patti Fashing**

**Jewel Henry**

**David Saavedra**

**Lorraine Meza**

**Thank you!**

