Town Hall

2-3 pm, October 17, 2024

Agenda

- Welcome
- Leadership Update
- Stories from the Field
- Wellness Activity
- Strategic Focus
- ANR in the News
- New Hires
- Other Updates

Chat warmup Learning about each other:

What's your favorite spooky movie?



Leadership Update

Vision & News - (10-15 mins)











Leadership Update



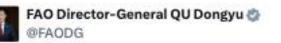






Leadership Update





In my meeting with @ucanr VP Glenda Humiston, we discussed the importance of science, technology, innovation and youth engagement in agrifood systems transformation and future collaboration opportunities. #SDGs #4Betters #WorldFoodDay







Stories from the Field

Highly pathogenic avian influenza in cows

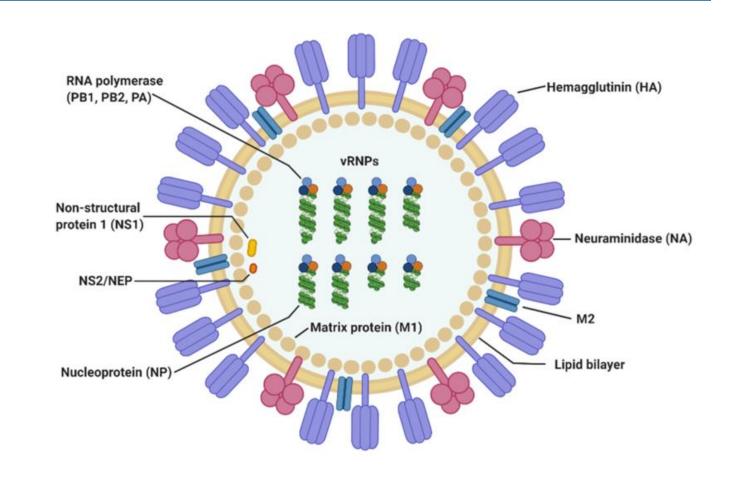
Noelia Silva Del Rio, UC Cooperative Extension veterinary medicine specialist

Rubia Branco Lopes, UC Cooperative Extension dairy advisor, Tulare & Kern counties

Influenza Virus Type A

Types of Influenza Viruses

- A Seasonal and global epidemics
- B Seasonal epidemics
- C Mild diseases
- D mainly found in cattle

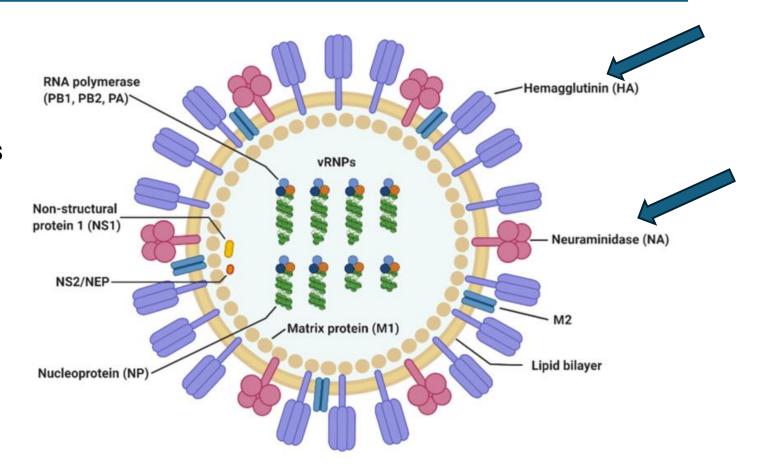


https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Viruses-12-00504-g001.webp

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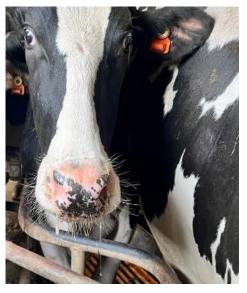


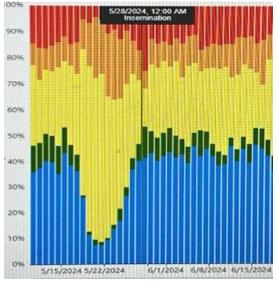
https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Viruses-12-00504-g001.webp

Some History About HPAI H5N1 in Cows

Early 2024: "a mystery cow disease" appears in the Texas Panhandled

Lack of appetite, fever, respiratory signs, loose feces, and "odd" mastitis.









Some History About HPAI

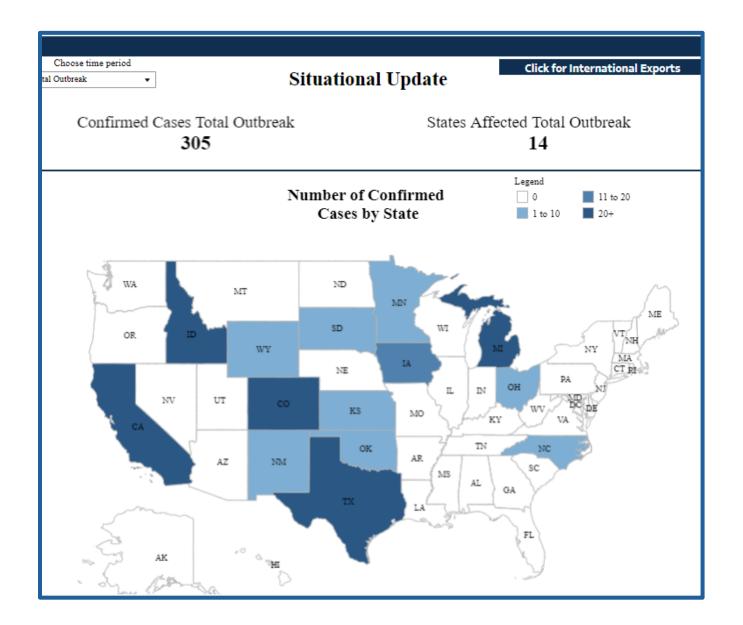
March 25th, 2024: First farm confirmed in Texas in milk from affected cows.



Media Contact: TAHC Communications public_info@tahc.texas.gov 512.719.0750

For Immediate Release March 26, 2024

Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza Detected in Texas and Kansas Dairy Herds

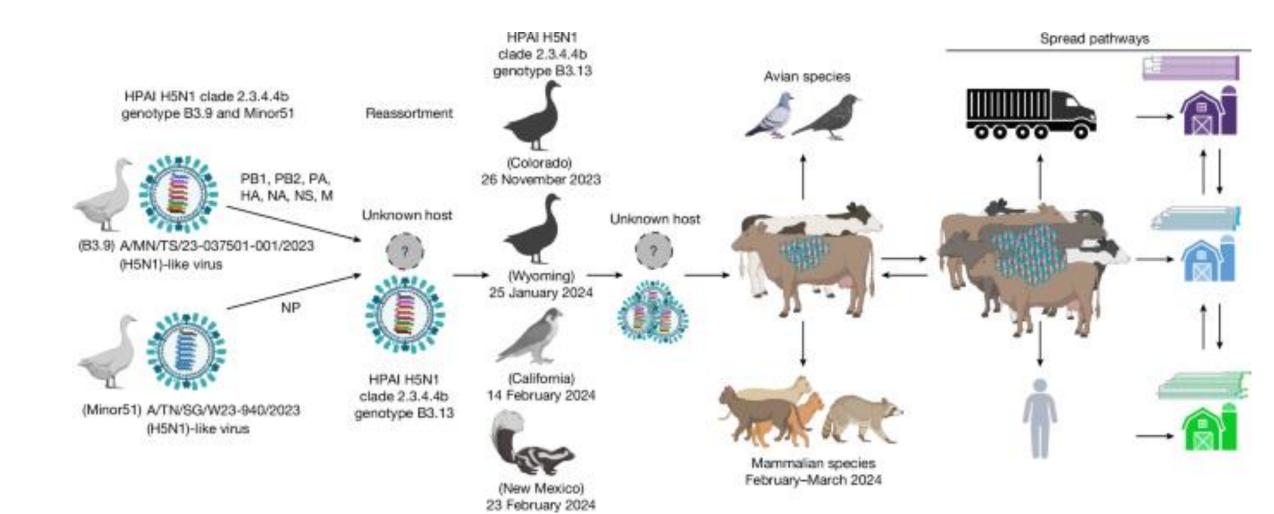


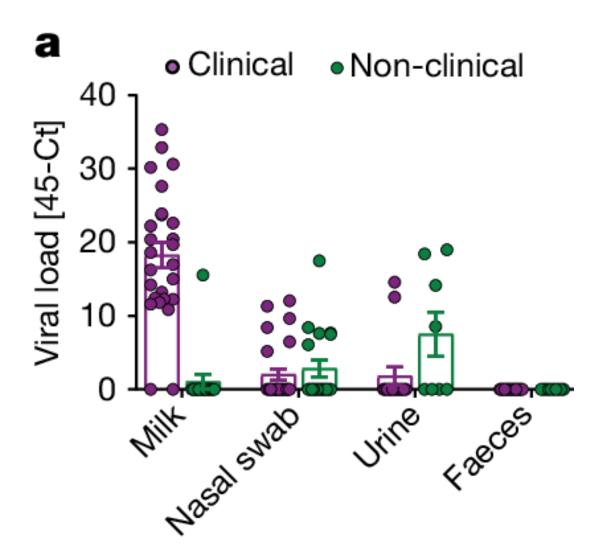
California: 105

Colorado: 64

Idaho: 34

Texas: 26





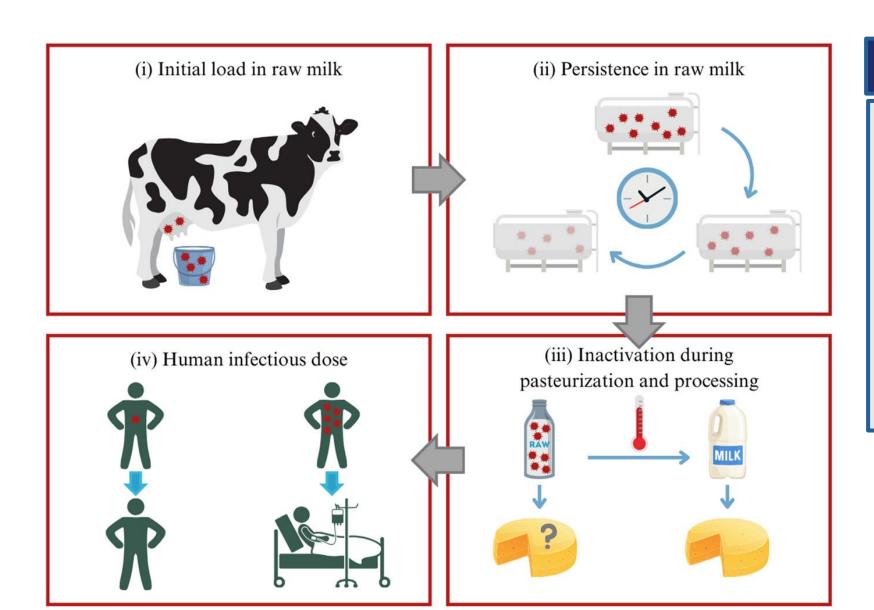
Animal Health Research Questions

- Transmission routes
- Long term health and economic implications
- Re-infections
- Implications in calves
- Supportive treatments
- Vaccines



In late March and early April, Texas reported detection of highly pathogenic avian influenza A (H5N1) in several cats from dairy farms experiencing HPAI infections in dairy cows, suggesting the virus spread to the cats either from affected dairy cows, raw cow milk, or from wild birds associated with those farms.

Safety?

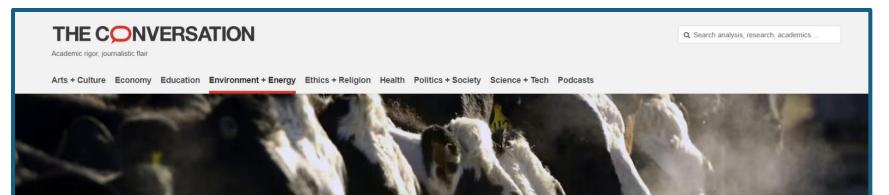




FDA Milk Safety Program

Pasteurization efficacy studies: 1st May 10th 2nd August 13th

Study of Viral concentration before pasteurization October 28th



How bird flu virus fragments get into milk sold in stores, and what the spread of H5N1 in cows means for the dairy industry and milk drinkers

Cows typically get over avian flu in a couple of weeks, but it's an economic blow for farms. AP Photo/Charlie Litchfield

Published: April 25, 2024 3:04pm EDT Updated: April 27, 2024 11:18am ED

Facebook

The discovery of fragments of avian flu virus in milk sold in U.S. stores, including in about 20% of samples in initial testing across the country, suggests that the H5N1 virus may be more widespread in dairy cattle than previously realized.

The Food and Drug Administration, which announced the early results from its nationally representative sampling on April 25, 2024, was quick to stress that it believes the commercial milk supply is safe. The FDA said initial tests did not detect any live, infectious virus. However, highly pathogenic avian influenza virus can make cows sick, and the flu virus's presence in herds in several states and <u>new federal restrictions</u> on the movement of dairy cows between states are putting economic pressure on farmers.

Five experts in infectious diseases in cattle from the University of California, Davis -Noelia Silva del Rio, Terry Lehenbauer, Richard Pereira, Robert Moeller and Todd Cornish - explain what the test results mean, how bird flu can spread to cattle and the impact on the industry.



ssociate Specialist in Cooperative Extension,

roduction Medicine and Food Safety, University of



sociate Professor of Veterinary Medicine and ociate Agronomist, University of California, Davis



rofessor of Veterinary Medicine, University of



ofessor of Veterinary Medicine, University of



rofessor of Veterinary Medicine. University of

What are viral fragments of avian flu, and can they pose risks to people?

How does an avian flu virus get into cow's milk?

If H5N1 is found to be widespread in milk, what risks can that pose for the dairy industry?

How worried should people be about avian flu?



SPECIALTIES ✓ TOPICS ✓ MULTIMEDIA ✓ CURRENT ISSUE ✓ LEARNING/CME ✓ AUTHOR CENTER PUBLICATIONS ✓

~

CORRESPONDENCE



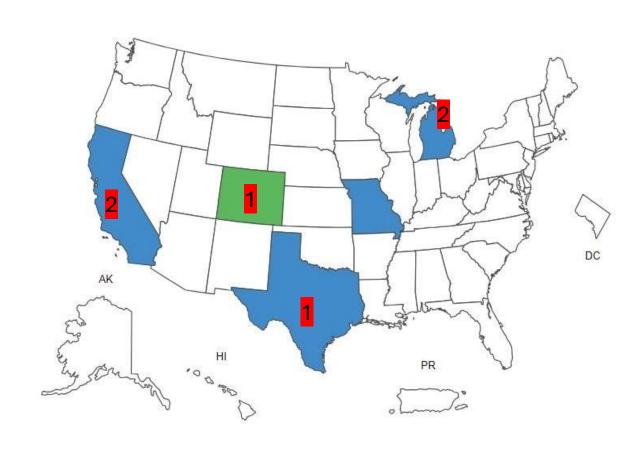
Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza A(H5N1) Virus Infection in a Dairy Farm Worker

Published May 3, 2024 | N Engl J Med 2024;390:2028-2029 | DOI: 10.1056/NEJMc2405371 | VOL. 390 NO. 21

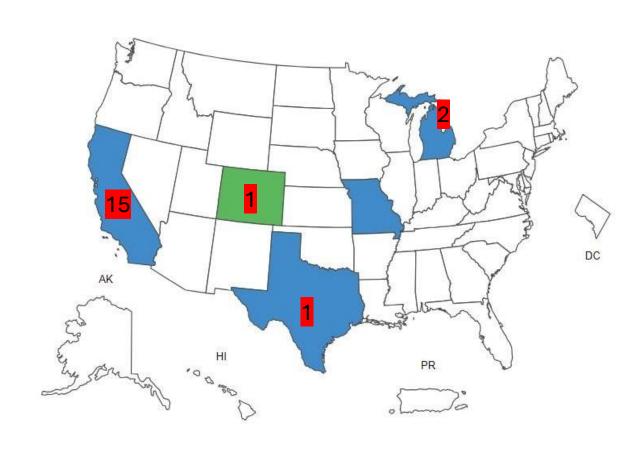
April 1st, 2024



Human HPAI Cases Associated with Dairy



Human HPAI Cases Associated with Dairy



California becomes epicenter of bird flu crisis as more human cases reported

So far, the CDC has confirmed 20 human cases, with more awaiting confirmation

By **ELIZABETH HLAVINKA** Staff Writer

PUBLISHED OCTOBER 15, 2024 7:14PM (EDT



Vaccination

Getting a seasonal flu vaccine will not protect against H5N1 bird flu

While getting a seasonal flu vaccine only prevents seasonal flu and will not protect against H5N1 bird flu, it is important that people who may have frequent exposure to infected or potentially infected birds or other animals get a seasonal flu vaccine, ideally 2 weeks before their potential exposure. This is because it can reduce the prevalence and severity of seasonal flu and might reduce the very rare risk of coinfection with a human seasonal virus and an avian virus at the same time, and the theoretical risk that reassortment between the two could result in a new virus. Such dual infections, while very rare, could theoretically result in genetic reassortment of the two different influenza A viruses and lead to a new influenza A virus that has a different combination of genes, and which could pose a significant public health concern.

The EXCITE Project

An Interagency Agreement with the USDA National Institute of Food and Agriculture and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) are funding the Cooperative Extension System to address health disparities among rural and other underserved communities. This initiative is called the Extension Collaborative on Immunization Teaching & Engagement (EXCITE).

On this site, EXCITE project teams can access resources, support, and information for implementing their projects. If you're looking for details on EXCITE's impact, success stories, and project videos, head over to our National Public Landing Page.





Immunization Teaching & Engagement







The **risk** of infection to the general public is **low**.

People who interact with potentially infected animals **should** take prevention measures.







Future Outreach

- Updates on Research USDA, CDC, FDA, Universities
- Financial Assistance Programs
- Current Understanding of Best Treatment Practices
- Current Understanding of Strategies to Reduce Risk of Introduction
- Strategies to Minimize Human Transmission
- Educating the General Public About the Safety of Dairy Products











- Local and statewide webinars
- Collaboration: UC ANR, UC Davis, California Milk Advisory Board,

California Dairy Quality Assurance Program and CDFA



Randi Black



Rubia Branco Daniela Bruno





Jennifer Heguy



Betsy Karle



Noelia Silva



Michael Payne

Webinars: Local

Webinar: Highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) in cattle

Kern, Kings, Fresno & Tulare Counties

Research Updates on HPAI – Dr. Lombard, Colorado State University

Case Study: Biosecurity Implementation - Dr. Williams, UC Davis VMTRC

To join the Zoom webinar, scan the code

Meeting ID: 922 6532 4740

Passcode: vmtrc

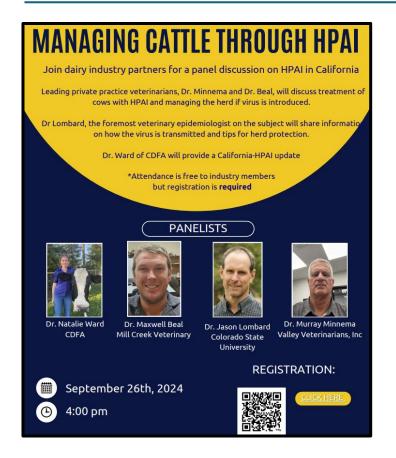


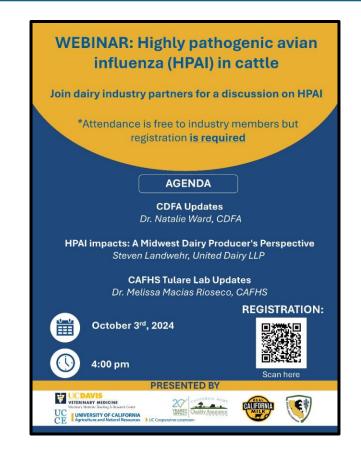






Webinars: Statewide







Webinars: Outcomes

• Attendance: 78 to 220 attendees

• **Positive Feedback**: emails from dairy farmers and consultants → very informative

• Growing Network: Requests to be add to my email distribution list for future updates

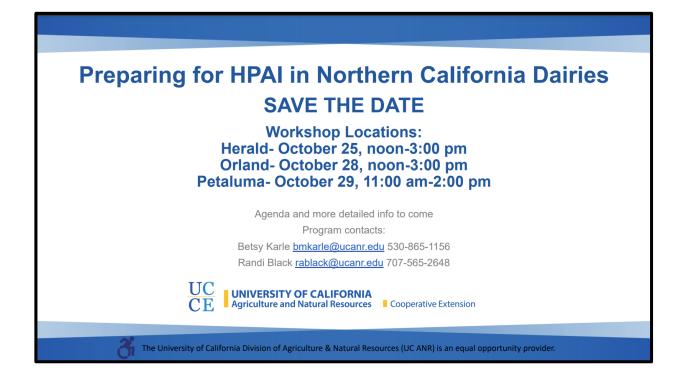
• Media Coverage: Broadened reach and awareness





Seminars







Betsy Karle



Randi Black

Written materials

Newsletter article

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Agriculture and Natural Resources

Golden State Dairy Newsletter

Volume 16, Issue 3 September 2024

Minimizing HPAI Risk on Your Dairy: Key Practices to Protect Your Herd

Noelia Silva-del-Rio - UC Dairy Herd Health Extension Specialist, Maristela Rovai, SDSU Dairy Extension Specialist & Richard V. Pereira, UC Davis Population Health & Reproduction

Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI, a.k.a., H5N1) has been recently confirmed by testing in California dairy farms. It has been six months since the first outbreak of HPAI in Texas cattle, but there is still much to learn about this disease. To reduce risk, it's important to implement biosecurity measures. Current protocols should be revised, and an updated outbreak action plan prepared. Milk remains the primary source of virus shedding. The National Milk Producers' Federation website provides many resources on biosecurity guidelines. Here are some additional considerations:

Animal Movement. Several HPAI outbreaks (nation-wide) were linked to bringing infected cattle into the herd. To minimize the risk of HPAI:

- Avoid bringing animals from states with HPAI outbreaks or farms of uncertain health status (no biosecurity protocols, no testing).
- Quarantine animals at arrival interstate animal transport requires testing for HPAI in at least 30 cows
 per group before they can be moved. Because not all animals are tested, new arrivals should be
 quarantined. Quarantine pens should be designed so cows do not have contact with other cows from the
 herd. During quarantine cows should be observed for signs of illness such as nasal discharge, fever, lack
 of appetite, or abnormal milk (i.e., colostrum-like). This also applies to animals brought to the fair or that
 commingled with animals from other herds.
- Test animals that are suspected of HPAI or have been potentially exposed. Testing of pooled milk samples (if lactating) or nasal swabs (if non-lactating) by a National Animal Health Laboratory Network (NAHLN; Davis, California) lab can detect viral genetic material with PCR (test that detects genetic material of virus), providing results within days. Check with your veterinarian for testing recommendations.

Some farms affected by HPAI did not report new animal introductions 30 days prior to the outbreak. This suggests other potential virus carriers, such as workers, visitors, local wildlife, pets, or vehicles/equipment. Consider the following to reduce HPAI in your herd:

Safeguarding Workers. Workers, visitors, shared personnel, and consultants should:

- <u>Keep up with personal hygiene</u>. This includes regular showers, nasal and ocular hygiene. They should wear clean clothes and boots every day (if possible, do not take those outside the farm).
- Wear personal protective equipment (PPE) such as goggles, gloves, face masks, face shields, regular

Written materials

Factsheets





September 2024

Highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) in cattle

Highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) has been recently reported in California dairies. Based on current data available, here are answers to some common questions:

When to suspect?

Herd-level

- · Higher than usual cows in the hospital pen. Sick cows will "multiply" in the first days.
- · Sudden drop in bulk tank milk yield.
- · Sudden drop in pen feed intakes.

Cow-level

- . Unspecific signs dehydrated, depressed, fever, and
- Mild respiratory signs clear nasal discharge. difficulty breathing.
- Abnormal milk thick, discolored.
- Abnormal feces loose or tacky.

Nasal discharge, low BCS, rumination drop in a single cow, and milk.



Where is the virus?

Virus sheds in high quantities in milk from sick cows. This indicates the virus is actively multiplying in the udder. Virus genetic material has been found in other samples

but in lower quantities than in milk including: Sick cows: nose (25%) urine (13%), blood (6%) of tested animals, but not in feces.

Healthy animals (subclinical infection): milk (6%), nose (32%), and urine (50%) of tested animals.

Dead animals: heart, udder, liver, spleen, lung and colon.

How long do cows shed after becoming sick?

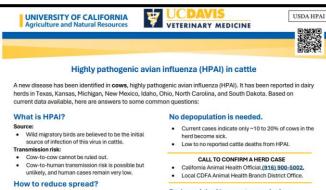
- . 3 days. High concentration of virus is shed in milk
- . 16 and 31 days. No virus shedding. Only genetic material found in milk (83%, 16 days; 33% at 31 d). No viral genetic material in nasal secretions or blood. This is data from a single study with limited sampling.

What is the route of transmission in a herd?

We are still learning, but our best understanding is:

- . The udder is considered the main transmission route based on the high concentration of virus shed in milk.
- . Nose-to-nose or mouth transmission is being investigated. Some farms identified respiratory cases before the full outbreak

Experimental infection results:



- Cattle movement into California: · Minimize animal movement into your dairy from affected areas.
- . In April 2024, the California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA) added restrictions and increased inspection requirements for animal movements.

Implement on-farm biosecurity:

- Isolate suspected sick animals for HPAI.
- · Use personal protective equipment (PPE, coverall, googles, disposable gloves).
- Wash boots before entering premises.

When to suspect?

Herd-level

 Drop in bulk tank milk yield and pen feed intakes. · Higher than usual cow numbers in the hospital pen.

Reduce risk of human transmission

- · Wear goggles, gloves, and a face mask when handling sick or dead animals and their feces (cattle, goats, and birds), and wash your clothes with disinfectant. **Avoid Possible Contaminated Foods:**
- · Raw or uncooked foods, especially unpasteurized (raw) cheese or milk.

If exposed:

Monitor Your Symptoms:

· Check for respiratory symptoms and eye redness for 10 days.

If Sick:

Go to the doctor.

· Isolate yourself from others, including household

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Se ha detectado una enfermedad nueva que afecta a las vacas, la Influenza Aviar Altamente Patógena (IAAP o HPAI). Se ha sido reportado en rebaños lecheros de Texas, Kansas, Michigan, Nuevo México, Idaho, Ohio, Dakota del Sur. Carolina del Norte. Según los datos actuales disponibles, aquí hay respuestas a algunas preguntas comunes:

Influenza Aviar Altamente Patógena (IAAP o HPAI) en vacas

¿Qué es la IAAP?

- · Se cree que las aves migratorias salvajes son la fuente inicial de infección de este virus en el ganado. Riesgo de Transmisión:
- · El contagio entre vacas no puede descartarse.
- El riesgo de transmisión de vaca a humano es sospechado pero los casos se mantienen muy bajos.

¿Cómo reducir el contagio?

Movimiento de ganado hacia California:

- Minimice la llegada de vacas de áreas afectadas. • En abril de 2024, el Departamento de Alimentos y
- Agricultura de California (CDFA) añadió restricciones y aumentó los requerimientos de inspección para el

desplazamiento de animales. Implementaciones en la bioseguridad de la granja:

- · Aísle los animales sospechosos de IAAP.
- Use equipo de protección personal (EPP: overol. gafas, guantes).
- · Lave sus botas antes de entrar al rebaño

¿Cuándo sospechar?

A nivel de rebaño

• Disminución de la producción de leche en tanque y del consumo de alimento en corrales.

No es necesaria la despoblación

 Los casos actuales indican que sólo del 10 al 20% de las vacas en el rebaño se enferman.

USDA HPAI

No ha habido muertes confirmadas por IAAP.

PARA CONFIRMAR UN CASO EN EL GANADO

- Oficial de Salud Animal de California (916) 900-5002.
- Oficina local del distrito de CDFA.

Reduce el riesgo de transmisión

Protéjase:

 Use gafas, guantes y mascarilla cuando manipule animales enfermos o muertos y sus heces (ganado, cabras y pájaros). Desinfecte sus ropas.

Evite comidas posiblemente contaminadas:

· Comidas crudas o sin cocinar, especialmente queso y leche sin pasteurizar (crudo).

Si ha sido expuesto:

 Esté alerta a síntomas respiratorios y ojos rojos por 10 días

Si se siente enfermo:

- Vaya al doctor si se siente enfermo.
- Aíslese de los demás, incluvendo de los miembros







Academic Instruction

Hands-on training in a clinical and lab setting for senior vet students, residents ad high school students.

Learn More

Research Activities

Finding solutions to enhancing cow health and promoting productive cattle herds that produce safe and wholesome food products.

More Info

Lab Skills

Students learn
microbiological testing at our
Milk Quality Laboratory in
compliance with National
Mastitis Council and FDA
best practices.

More Info

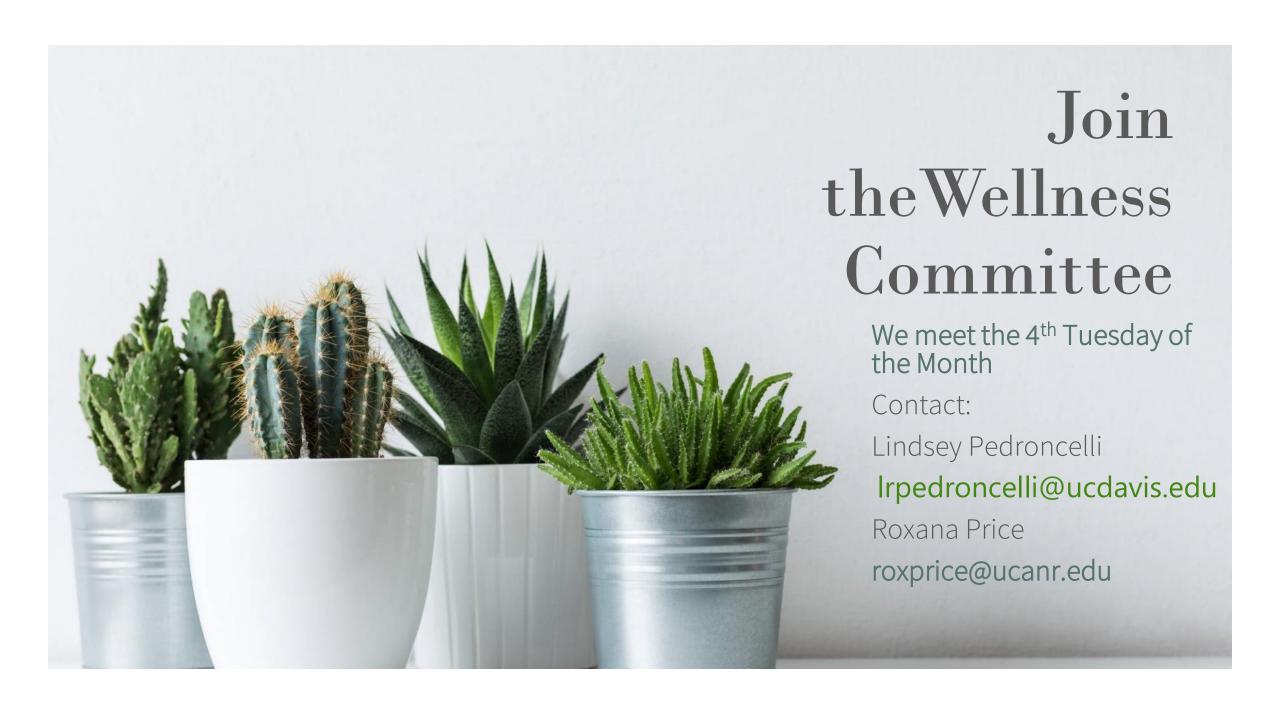
Resources on highly pathogenic avian influenza (HPAI) virus A (HSN1)



Click to see Resources

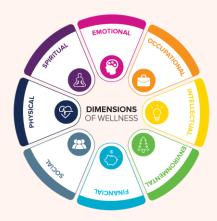
Click to see Scientific References

Thank you!

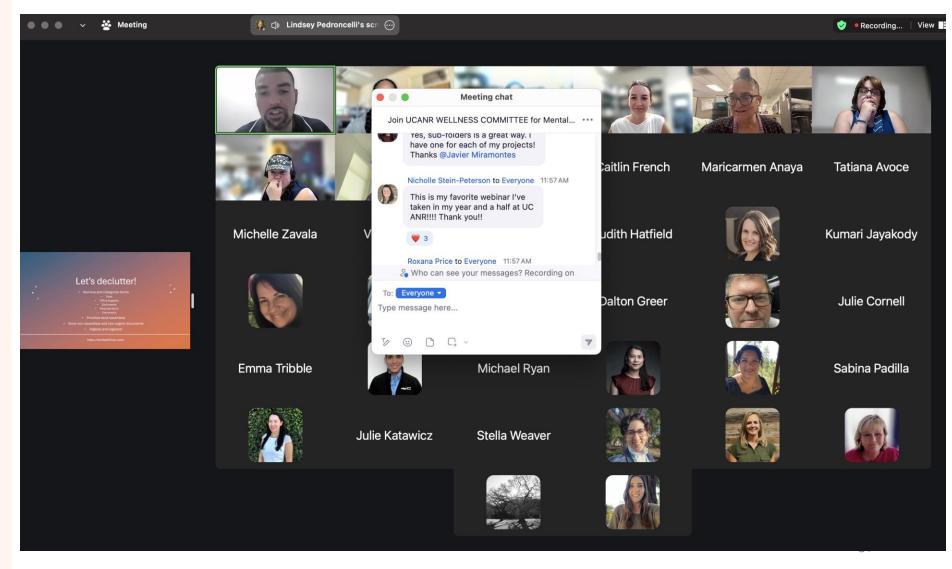


Health and Wellness Menu

- Mental Well-being
- Nutrition and Food
- Physical Wellbeing
- Alcohol, Tobacco, and other drugs
- Sexual Wellbeing



Wellness Committee Declutter Event 10-10-24





Wellness Committee

Let's Stretch!

Thank You for participating

Strategic Focus



ANR Business Operations Center (BOC)

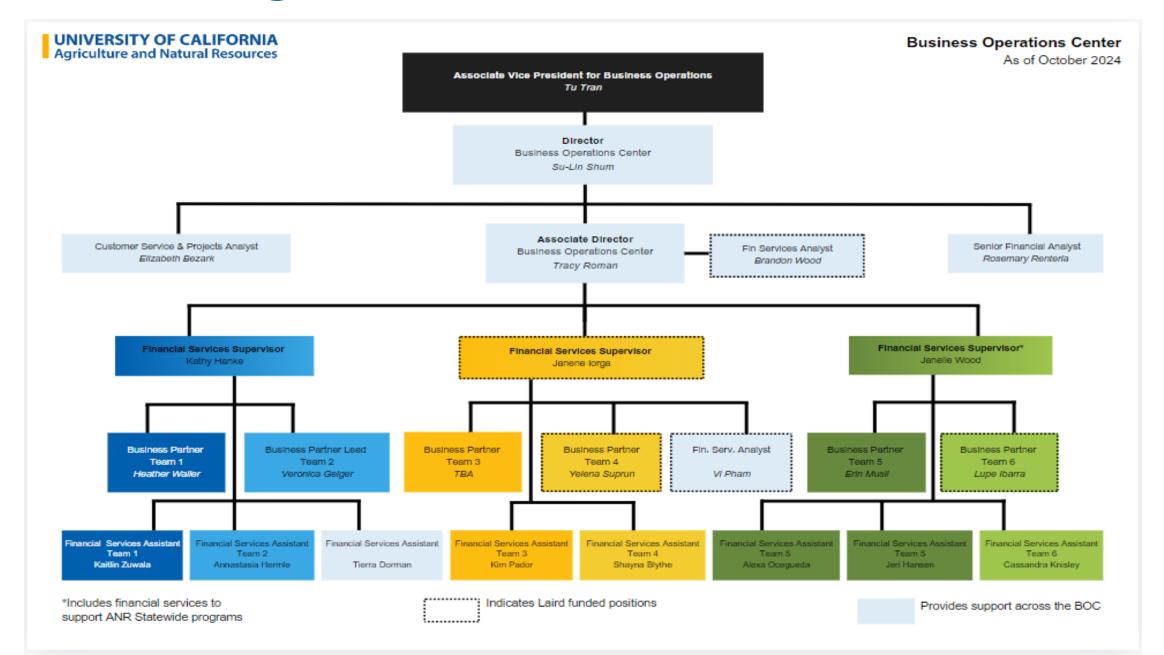
Who We Are and What We Do

Presented by Su-Lin Shum
Director, Business Operations Center

Date: October 17, 2024



BOC Org Chart & Business Partner Teams



BOC Services

- Account and fund management
- Budget and financial analysis
- Personnel and expense transfers
- Post-award grants management
- Recharge and rate development
- Purchasing and invoicing
- Travel and entertainment
- Gift acceptance
- Cash management
- ANR Credit Card Machine Program



BOC Clients

-					
BUSINESS PARTNER TEAM 1	BUSINESS PARTNER TEAM 2	BUSINESS PARTNER TEAM 3	BUSINESS PARTNER TEAM 4	BUSINESS PARTNER TEAM 5	BUSINESS PARTNER TEAM 6
Alameda	Marin	Butte	Capital Corridor	Facilities Planning & Mgmt	Humboldt/Del Norte
Contra Costa	Mariposa	Colusa	- Solano	Information Technology	Kern
Elkus	Merced	Glenn	- Sacramento	Publishing	Lassen
Imperial	Napa	Monterey	- Yolo	Risk & Safety Services	Nevada/Placer
	San Joaquin	Orange	Central Sierra Nevada	Human Resources	Plumas/Sierra
	Siskiyou	Riverside	- Amador		Shasta
Los Angeles	Sonoma	San Benito	- Calaveras	Purchasing support only	Stanislaus
Mendocino		San Bernardino	- El Dorado	Agricultural Issues Center	Tehama
Modoc		Santa Cruz	- Tuolumne	Environmental Stewards	Trinity
San Diego		Sutter/Yuba	Fresno/Madera	CA Institute for Water Resources	Business Operations Center
San Luis Obispo			Kings	Community Nutrition and Health	Contracts & Grants
San Mateo / San Francisco			Tulare	Informatics and GIS Program	Controller & Business Services
Santa Barbara				Integrated Pest Management Prog	Development Services
Santa Clara				Statewide Programs and RECs	
Ventura				Nutrition Policy Institute	Purchasing support only
				Program Support Unit	4-H Youth Development Program
					Gov't and Community Relations
					Master Gardeners Program



Business Partner Team Assignments



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Service Highlights

- Fiscal year-end
- Support day-to-day purchasing needs e.g. cell phones, new vendor
- Assist in paying the bills e.g. Pcard, elec payment or check
- Support central allocations to UCCEs
- Administer Academic Salary Cost Recovery funds
- Aggie Enterprise Implementation
- New programs e.g. ANR Credit Card Machine Program



ANR Credit Card Machine Program

Launched October 2023 – Year 1

Program Process

- 1. Payment Card Security Trainings
 - 2. Submit Request Form
 - 3. Shipping
 - 4. Accept Credit Card Payments During Your Event

Program Highlights

- We have 7 machines to rent out to any ANR Staff for events and sales!
- Since October 2024, BOC has received 23 requests and has shipped out 1-4 machines per request
- Use of the machines has led to quicker sale processing
- 100% of program survey respondents said they'd rent a machine from BOC again
- Busiest month is April! We recommend requesting machines for spring sales ASAP

More Information

- ANR Credit Card Machine Program Webpage: BOC Website under the Resources & Programs menu
- BOCSupport@ucanr.edu or 530-786-0538



What Do You Already Know? – Pop Quiz!

- How many days do you have to submit a travel expense report?
 - A. 45 days
 - B. 7 days
 - C. 90 days
- In working with BOC, what does "PO" generally stand for?
 - A. Post Office
 - B. Purchase Order
 - C. Pre-Approval Officer
- If you are a BOC client, do you know how to contact us?
 - A. Yes
 - B. No

Customer Service: Thank you for your feedback

- Our steps to enhance customer service:
 - Major effort to update website
 - Content and graphics
 - Navigation
 - Focused on policy clarity and processes
 - Standardized processes
 - Updated and improved forms
 - Simplify policies e.g. Do's and Don'ts
 - Added FAQs
 - Addressed problem areas and streamlined
 - Stepped up communications
 - CD/AD meetings
 - Office Manager meetings
 - Office hours both BOC and AggieEnterprise
 - Regional site visits
 - Planning a two-day onsite training



The People Behind the Numbers



UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
Agriculture and Natural Resources



Team Events





UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIAAgriculture and Natural Resources

Questions?

Email: BOCSupport@ucanr.edu

General Tel: 530-786-0538

Website: Business Operations Center - ANR Employees (ucanr.edu)





In the Media

- **Ken Tate** told <u>San Francisco Chronicle</u> 72% of wolf scat (from 18 wolves) he collected around the Lassen Pack in 2022-23 contained traces of cows
- Barb Satink Wolfson gave NBC LA viewers tips to stay safe from wildfire
- **Brian Woodward** told <u>Santa Cruz Sentinel</u> that invasive shothole borers have been detected in Felton trees
- **Amir Verdi** was interviewed on <u>NBC Bay Area</u> about heat-tolerant plants and drought-resistance
- Laura Garza presented a grim picture of Mendocino County's ability to survive prolonged drought, according to Mendocino Voice
- **Karey Windbiel-Rojas** told <u>Martha Stewart</u> magazine that broom shrubs are pretty, but produce a lot of seeds and can become invasive
- **Lenya Quinn-Davidson**, a founder of W-TREX, told NPR the training enables women to network, experience firefighting and build leadership skills



Houston Wilson, David Haviland & Tapan
Pathak's research on navel orangeworm mating
disruption on front page of LA Times.

with sex, radiation, 'mummies'

New Hires: Welcome to UC ANR Sept 17-October 15, 2024

First Name	Last Name	Department Description
Molly	Baker	UCCE PLUMAS/SIERRA COUNTIES
Ben	Baldi	UCCE CAPITOL CORRIDOR MCP
Jovani	Belman-Acevedo	STATEWIDE PROGRAM OPERATIONS
Kiana	Coleman	NUTRITION POLICY INSTITUTE
Thais	De Melo Ramos	SUSTAINABLE AG RESEARCH & EDU
Jesus	Gaytan-Lueza	UCCE KERN COUNTY
Kumari	Jayakody	UCCE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY
Jazmin	Lopez	UCCE LOS ANGELES COUNTY
Jason	Merin Flores	DESERT REC
Andrea	Northup-Warner	UCCE NEVADA_PLACER COUNTY
Ana	Ortiz Ramos	NUTRITION POLICY INSTITUTE
Claudia	Pardo	UCCE KERN COUNTY
Tiffany	Quiroz	KEARNEY AGRICULTURAL CNTR
Alyssa	Recio	UCCE RIVERSIDE COUNTY
Mia	Sasaki	UCCE SAN MATEO COUNTY
Molly	Shea	NUTRITION POLICY INSTITUTE
Alexandra	Sung-Jereczek	HOPLAND REC
Vanessa	Varela	UCCE BUTTE



Thais De Melo Ramos



Kumari Jayakody



Andrea Northup-Warner



Mia Sasaki



Other Updates

- Lock Down Your Life —with Dalton Green
- Project Recruitment with Devii Rao
- DEI Council Elizabeth Moon
- RREA call for proposals extended until October 31

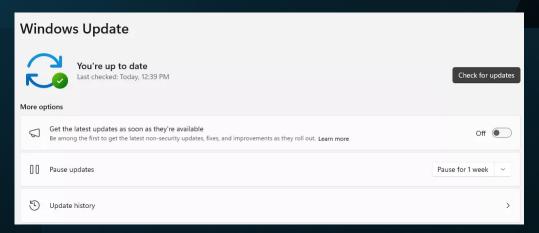
Lock Down Your Life

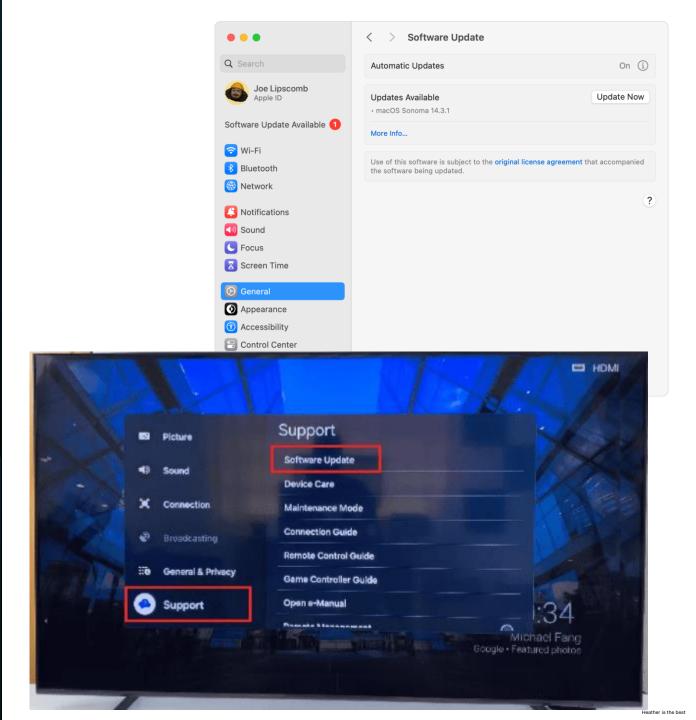
Simple Steps to Secure Your Personal Devices

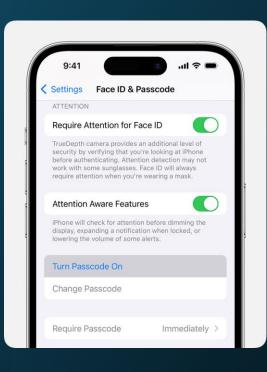




Automatic Updates

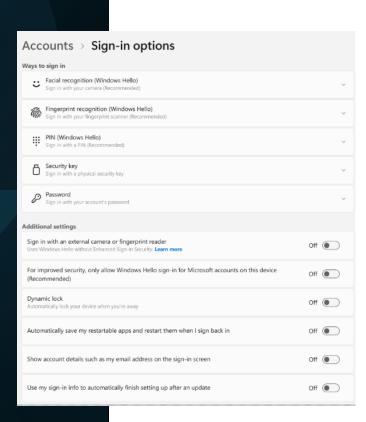


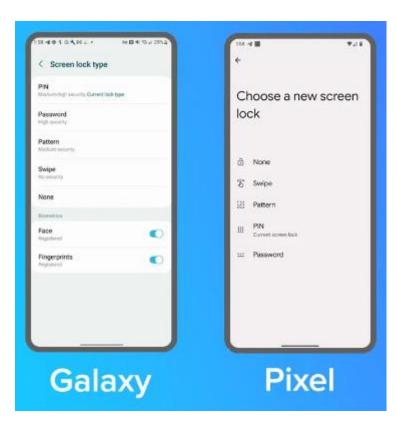






Screen Timeout Pin, Password, Touch/FaceID





Set up Find My on your iPhone, iPad, or Mac

Set up Find My so that you can locate a lost device or item — such as your paired AirPods, Apple Watch, or a personal item with an AirTag attached.

How to turn on Find My for your iPhone or iPad

- 1. Open the Settings app.
- 2. Tap your name, then tap Find My.
- 3. If you want friends and family to know where you are, turn on Share My Location.
- 4. Tap Find My [device], then turn on Find My [device].



Remote location and lockout features



SmartThings Find

Lost something? Find your Galaxy phone, tablet, watch, and other devices with SmartThings Find.



Find My Device

Find, lock, erase or play a sound on any lost Android device. Locate your lost Android device and lock it until you get it back



Turn on Find my device

When you set up a new device, you can decide whether to turn on or turn off the Find my device setting. If you turned it off during setup and now want to turn it on, make sure your Windows device is connected to the internet, has enough battery power so it can send its location, and that you're signed in to the device using your Microsoft account.

- 1. On the device that you want to change:
- a. Windows 11: Select Start 🖷 > Settings 🌣 > Privacy & security 🗅 > Find my device.
- b. Windows 10: Select Start # > Settings ® > Update & Security > Find my device.

Open Find my device settings

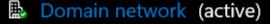
Turn on firewall protection

- 1. On your Mac, choose Apple menu **♠** > System Settings, click Network **❷** in the sidebar, then click Firewall. (You may need to scroll down.)
- 2. Turn on Firewall.
- 3. To specify additional security settings, click Options, turn settings on or off, then click OK. See Change Firewall settings.

Built-in Firewalls and Antivirus

(9) Firewall & network protection

Who and what can access your networks.



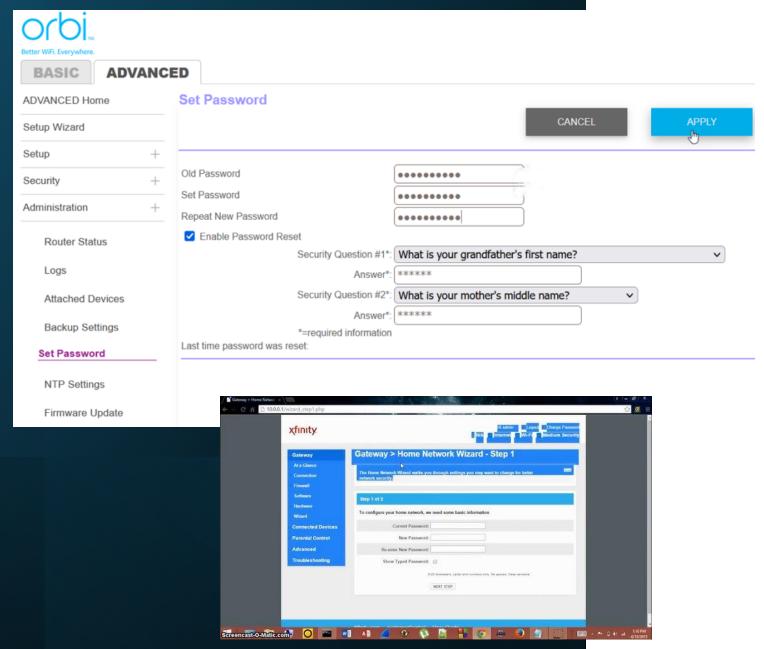
Firewall is on.

2 Private network

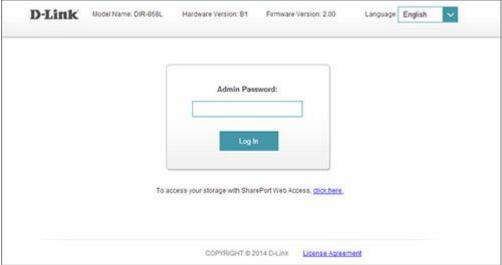
Firewall is on.

Public network (active)

Firewall is on.



























Project Recruitment – with Devii Rao



Project Recruitment – with Devii Rao

- Devii Rao: drorao@ucanr.edu, 831-205-3125
- Link to sign up for "Being Mixed Race in the Workplace" project:

https://forms.gle/F9P1kQaDiiBEfjJz6

DEI Advisory Council Nominations

Due 10/20

email: deiadvcouncil@ucanr.edu

+Accepted on Rolling Basis through 11/15

Membership Criteria:

- Experience and/or interest in advocating for change and moving forward DEI work.
- Experience and/or interest in navigating/negotiating for organizational change in UC ANR.
- Membership aims to represent the diversity of the UC ANR community and state of California, specifically including representation of marginalized racial, ethnic, gender, sexual orientation, and ability groups.
- Membership includes a mix of staff and academics, represents a cross-section of UC ANR offices and programs, and geographical distribution (north/south, urban/rural).

WIB Learning & Connections

Conflict Training

 October 24, 12-1 pm
 Conflict De-escalation in a Public Workplace

November 4, 12 – 1:30 pm
 How to Respond to Harassment

*Sessions are not recorded

Virtual Healing Circles

November 15, 12 - 1 pm
 OPEN to ALL ANR

In-Person Facilitator Training
 February/March 2025

ERGs/Affinity Groups have focused Opportunities

THANK YOU!

Next Town Hall: Thursday, November 21, 2024

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
Agriculture and Natural Resources