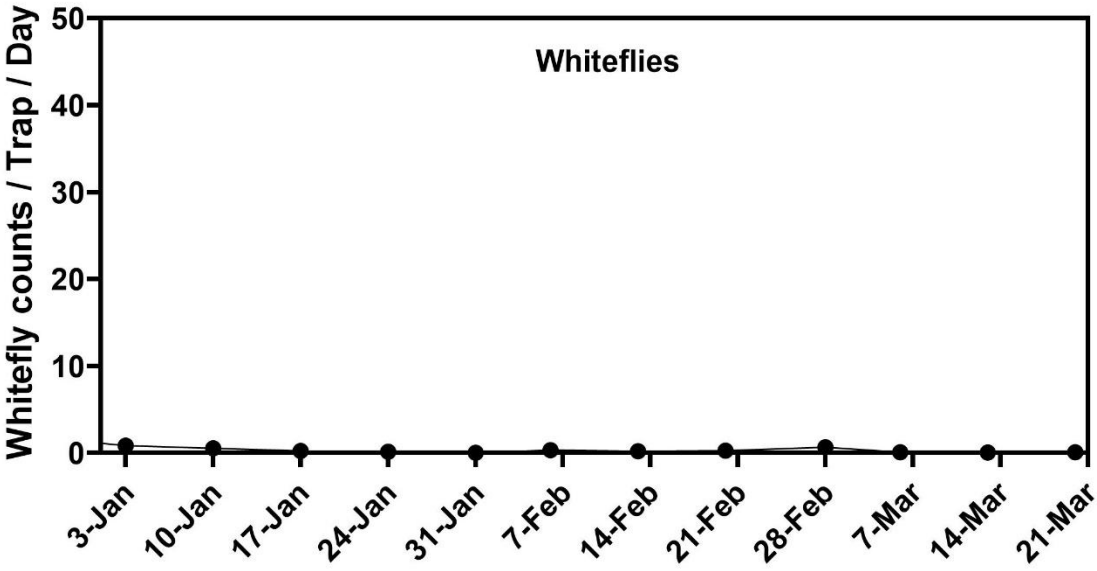
Area-wide monitoring of key insect pests across the Imperial Valley: 26th March 2025 updates

The adult insect counts from the monitoring trap network until 20 March 2025 are shown in the graphs below. Each dot in the graph represents the average insect count from 19 traps across the Imperial Valley for that sampling week, expressed as insect counts per trap per day.

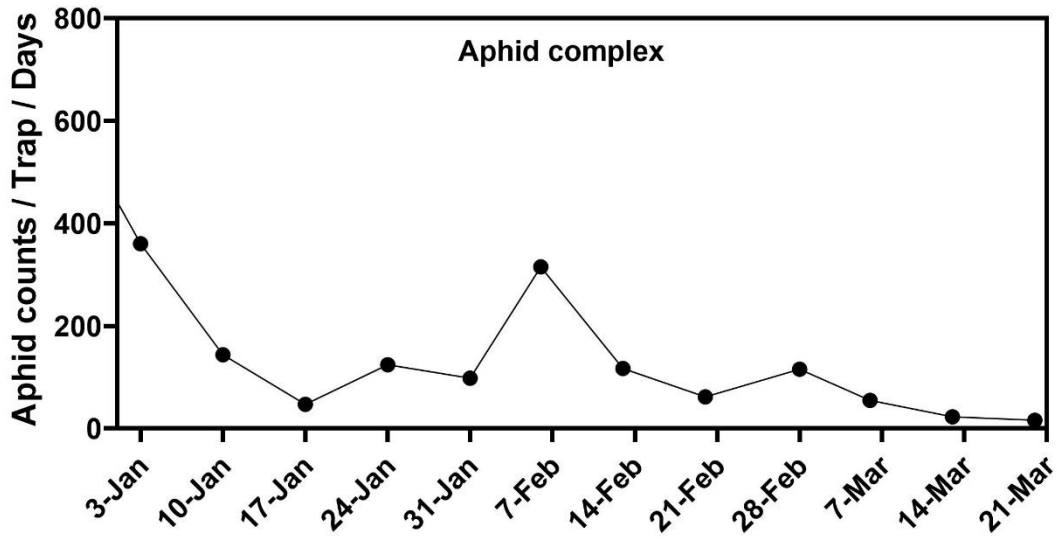
Whiteflies

The whitefly counts in the traps consisted mainly of sweetpotato whitefly (*Bemisia tabaci* MEAM1). A small fraction of the total count (< 5%) comprises bandedwinged whiteflies, *Trialeurodes abutilonia*, and other minor species. We observed their numbers decreasing in the traps starting from mid-September 2024. For the last couple of months, the number of adult whiteflies captured in our traps was at a very low level.



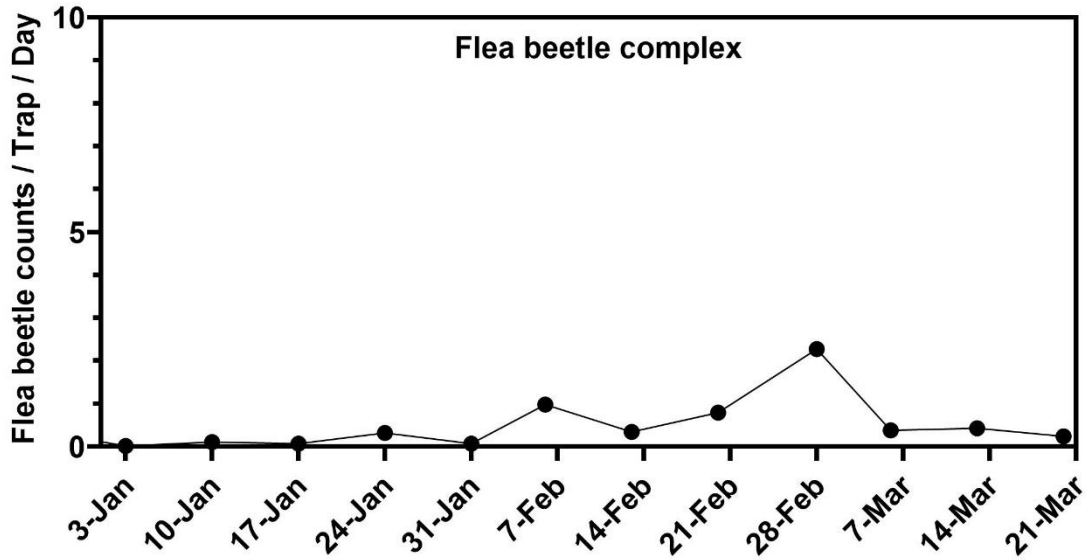
Aphids

The trap count data of aphids below do not focus on any single species but represent the aphid complex in the Valley. Currently, we are seeing moderate to low adult alate aphid activity throughout the Imperial Valley, and overall, the numbers in the traps indicate a declining trend.



Flea beetles

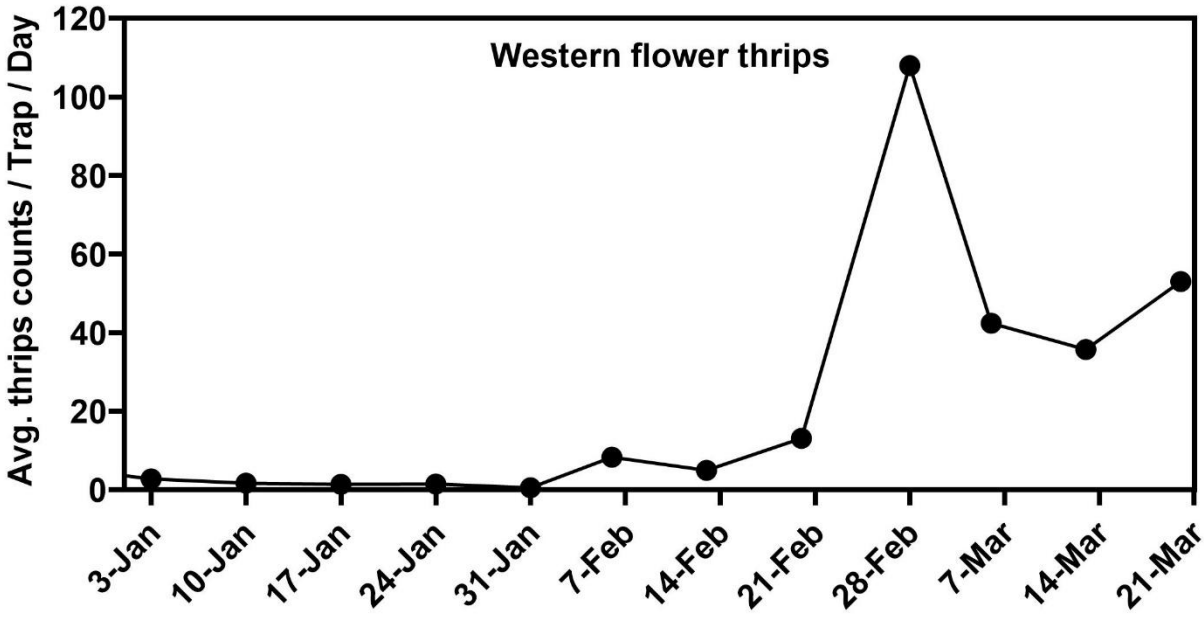
The flea beetle counts in the traps comprised the pale-striped flea beetle, *Systena blanda*, the desert corn flea beetle, *Chaetocnema ectypa,* and a few other minor species. Currently, the trap captures of adult flea beetles are at a low level.



Western flower thrips

While the traps contained several thrip species, only western flower thrips, *Frankliniella occidentalis*, were counted to provide more specific data, as they are the major thrip

species of concern for several crops in Imperial Valley**. The number of western flower thrips adults captured in the traps has been high for the last few weeks. Currently, we are experiencing relatively high adult activity across the Valley, though the numbers have been lowered from their peaks during the last week of February.**



If you are interested in additional data from this project or have questions or comments, contact Arun Babu at (442) 265 -7700 or arbabu@ucanr.edu.